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A mystery child
– an extra child is found in a family where she did not belong

By David Anderson

Swedish church records in the 19th century are amazingly complete and generally speaking it is possible to easy to trace people from cradle to grave since the movement of people was so heavily regulated and documented. The individual parish husförhörslängd (clerical survey) records provide the backbone to researching Swedish ancestors in great depth and are supported by birth, marriage, death, and occasionally the in- and out- moving records. Generally speaking, people would move away from home at the age of 15–18 to get experience learning a trade before getting married sometime in their early 20’s and raising their own family. Births of children seem to have been generally evenly spaced about 2 years apart and mortality rates were high. My great-grandfather’s brother’s family provides a stereotypical opportunity to track a family 150 years later, with an altogether surprising and unexpected twist.

A Dalarna family
Johan Jansson was born in the cottage Jonas Erkers in Grådö, Hedemora, on 24 Apr. 1840 to Jan Jansson (1801-1845) and Anna Persdotter (1798-1874). He was the youngest child born to this couple and one of only two of the five born in this family to survive to adulthood. The other surviving child, Anders Jansson (b 1829 - ?) is my great-grandfather. The small family lived in the cottage Jonas Erkers until they moved to the nearby Svens cottage in 1854, where Johan remained until 1858 when, at the age of 18, he moves a few miles north to Stora Skedvi. Johan is found at Fäggeby, Stora Skedvi, where he is living and working as a farm hand (dräng) for nämndeman (layman judge) Carl Gustafsson for four years from 1858 to 1862 at the Spennar farm. He then works as a farm hand at Sols, in Fäggeby, in 1862 and 1863 before spending most of a year at Hampus, Orrsta, St. Skedvi, in 1864. On 28 Aug. 1864, at the age of 24, the farmhand Jan Jansson from the farm Hampus in Orrsta, St. Skedvi, married the farm owner’s daughter Augusta Persdotter of Yttersätta, Stora Skedvi. On the marriage record Jan’s birth is recorded as being on 24 Apr. 1840, while Augusta’s birth is recorded as being 26 Feb 1837 in Norrbärke. This is the first marriage for both of them.

The first child arrives
After their marriage the couple lives briefly with her parents at Herrmans, Yttersätta, where their first child Hedvig Augusta was born on 15 Oct 1864. The birth record says: “bonden Herrmans Jan Jansson i Yttersätta o Hu (= hustru (wife)) Augusta Persdotter.” This gives his occupation as “bonde” (peasant farmer) and ties him to the farm Herrmans. The family is then for a short time found at Fäggeby, Stora Skedvi, in 1866 where Jan is working as a dagkarl (day laborer). The family moves and lives briefly at the Prästgården, Stora Skedvi, through the winter of 1866-67 where they are noted living by 18 Nov 1866.

On the move
They leave Stora Skedvi for Stora Kopparberg (Dala.) on 24 Apr. 1867, but are not recorded in Stora Kopparberg’s Inflyttning record until 28 June 1867 when the dagkarlen [the day laborer] Johan Jansson m[ed] H[ustrun] o[ch] barn are recorded moving to the house Bergsgården in St. Kopparberg.

Their second daughter, Johanna Charlotta, is born shortly thereafter on 14 Jul. 1867 at Bergsgården. Johanna Charlotta’s birth is the 75th recorded in St. Kopparberg in 1867 and her parents are recorded as “Dagkarlen Johan Johansson och Hustru Augusta Persdotter, Bergsgården.” Again the mother’s name is recorded as Augusta Persdotter. The family lived at Bergsgården in Stora Kopparberg from 1867. In 1869 the family moved to Nygården in Vika (Dala.) where the “arbetaren” (the laborer) Jan Jansson, his wife Augusta Persdotter, and now four children, Hedvig Augusta, Johanna Charlotta, Johan Wilhelm, and Erica Carolina are recorded.

The two new children are: Johan Wilhelm, born 16 Jan 1871 in Vika, and Erica Carolina, born on 6 Jan 1872 in Ugglebo. Johan Wilhelm’s birth record indicates he is the 5th recorded birth in Vika in 1871, and the 3rd child born to Jan and Augusta. His parents’ names are recorded as “Jansson, Jan, arbetaren/Nygården and Persdotter, Augusta.”

The birth records for Vika list Erica Carolina as the 6th born in Vika in 1872 on Jan 6th. She is reportedly the 4th born child of “arbetaren Jan Jansson in Nygården och Hu. August Persdotter (barnet födt i Ugglebo).” A side note indicates that Erika Carolina was baptized by the clergyman K F Sjöström in Ugglebo. A check of Vika’s husförhörslängd did not show the family living in a place with the name of Ugglebo or leaving and returning to Vika in 1872 when Erica Carolina was supposedly born in “Ugglebo.” There is however, mentioned that the family did move in 1872 from Nygården, Vika, to Persarvet, Vika,11 where Johan is listed as being a backstugesittare (dug-out dweller). There are no other notes in
the Vika husförhörsändig of the family moving from Persarfvet, where daughter Emma Wilhelmina is born on 17 Jun. 1873. Emma Wilhelmina's parents are “arbetaren Jan Jansson och hu Augusta Persdotter i Persarfvet 9 år.” The “9 år” notation indicates, correctly, that the parents have been married nine years.

A check of parish listings in Cradled in Sweden said “Ugglebo, see Ockelbo.” I then checked the parish birth records for Ockelbo and found a birth recorded on 6 Jan. 1872 for Erika Carolina, born to “Jansson Jan, arbetskarl från Wika, Falu län och hu Persdr Augusta Carolina,” (Jansson Jan, laborer from Vika, Falu County, and his wife Persdr Augusta Carolina) (highlights mine for emphasis).

The entry includes a note that the birth certificate for Erika Carolina was sent to the pastor in Wika on 23 Jan. [1872].

It is interesting to note that Jan, or Johan, Jansson’s wife’s name, Augusta, is consistently given as Augusta, not Augusta Carolina, in her birth record from Norrbärke on 26 Feb 1837, marriage record from Stora Skedvi, in various husförhörsängd records, and in her children’s birth records. Nowhere is she called Augusta Carolina.

The husförhörsängd for Persarfvet, Vika, 1876-1885, shows arbetaren Jan Jansson’s family with two additions to the family, three deaths, and four names crossed over which indicates those people are no longer present. Those crossed over names include Erika Carolina.

Daughter Emma Wilhelmina dies on 16 Oct. 1879 of “difteri,” or diphtheria; Klas Emil, born 3 Jun. 1876, dies on 28 Aug 1876, cause not listed; Klara Matilda, born 24 Jan. 1878, dies on 14 Jun 1879 from complications due to “lungsot,” or tuberculosis. There is also a note with Erika Carolina, translated by Elizabeth Thorsell, that says: “This child is incorrectly recorded with these parents, and does not belong to this family, and is buried in Mo in 1875. Its mother was the vagrant Augusta Carolina Eriksson.”

A search of the Mo parish church records during 1875 reveals that on July 30th Erika Carolina, daughter to the widow (enkan) Augusta Carolina Sundqvist from parts unknown, aged about 3 years old, died of the measles (messling). A note with Erika Carolina’s death record is translated as: “The mother has told the vice pastor G. Kolle that [she] has her domicile in Gävle (Gef-}

Who was Augusta Carolina?
The name of Jan’s wife was Augusta Persdotter. The name of Erika Carolina’s mother is Augusta Carolina Eriksson or Sundqvist. Many questions remain about who Augusta Carolina was, and where she was from. Was Jan Jansson the biological father of Erika Carolina? If not, why did a birth record from Ockelbo where Erika Carolina was born get sent to Vika where Jan Jansson and family live? If so, where did the paths of Jan and Augusta Carolina cross? Was Augusta Carolina living in Vika in 1871 at the same time Jan was living there? Augusta Carolina, being a
wanderer or vagrant, may not show up in various parish in- and utflyttning, or husförhörslängd records. She does provide an enigma of someone who lived outside the norm for that time period.

The utflyttning record for Stora Kopparberg shows that on 11 Nov 1881 arbetaren Johan Jansson with family from Wika moved to Helsingberg, St. Kopparberg. There were two males and three females. Soon after arbetaren Johan Jansson’s family’s arrival in Helsingberg, Stora Kopparberg, son Klaes Axel Kasper is born on 20 Oct 1881. His mother’s name is: “Pettersson, Augusta.” The use of Petter, rather than Per in her surname is not unusual since they are forms of the same name, as are Jan and Johan. Klaes Axel Kasper dies in 1883. After many years of moving within and between parishes, Johan is finally noted as living in house “N:7,” and being “Arbetaren, Eggare,” or laborer owner. He finally has a place of his own. With “Eg Arb.” (egare/owner, arbetaren/laborer) Johan now is owning his own house, he and his wife settle down in “Gård N:7. Johan Jansson.” The surviving children move out: Hedvig Augusta moves to Vika on 20 Apr. 1891; Johanna Charlotta moves 17 Jul. 1891; and Johan Wilhelm, who has now taken the surname of Käll moves to Stockholm 25 Sep. 1891.


Endnotes:
1) Siv Thorsell, Gårdar och Gårdsnamn i Nås Fjärding, Hedemora (Hägersten, Siv Thorsell, 1990), p. 31.
2) Stora Skedvi parish (Dala.), cl. survey (1852-1861) AI:13a, p. 71.
3) Stora Skedvi parish (Dala.), cl. survey (1862-1871) AI:14a, p. 75.
4) Stora Skedvi parish (Dala.), cl. survey (1862-1871) AI:14a, p. 80.
5) Stora Skedvi parish (Dala.), cl. survey (1862-1871) AI:14a, p. 179
6) Stora Skedvi parish (Dala.), cl. survey (1862-1871) AI:14a, p. 81
7) Stora Skedvi parish (Dala.), cl. survey (1862-1871) AI:14b, p. 413.
8) Stora Kopparberg parish (Dala.), In- och utflyttningsslägd (1861-1894) BI:3, image 73, line 45.
9) Stora Kopparberg parish (Dala.), cl. survey (1867-1876) Alb:3, p. 140.
10) Vika parish (Dala.), cl. survey (1866-1875) AI:11a, p. 86.
11) Vika parish (Dala.), cl. survey (1866-1875) AI:11a, p. 92.
13) Ockelbo parish (Gävl.) Births, (1870-1879) CC:2, image 32. Ockelbo church records burned in 1904, so the records have been replaced by the SCB extracts.
14) Vika parish (Dala.), cl. survey (1876-1885) AI:12a, p. 124.
16) Vika parish (Dala.), cl. survey (1876-1885) AI:12a, p. 124.
17) Mo parish (Gävl.), Deaths (1867-1894) EI:2, image 80.
18) Mo parish (Gävl.), Inflyttningsslägd (1850-1894), image 42.
19) Thorsell, e-mail, 20 Aug. 2012.
20) Stora Kopparberg (Dala.), Inflyttning (1861-1894), BI:3, image 241, line 81.
21) Stora Kopparberg (Dala.), cl. survey (1885-1894), AI:31, p. 269.
22) Stora Kopparberg (Dala.) cl. survey (1916-1937) AIIb:8, page 29.

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