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The solution of the Handwriting Example XX

This time there will be no transcription of the Handwriting example, as it is easy to read.

It is the final report card (afgångsbetyg) from the Kjelfvened school (folkskola) in the Kjelfvened parish (församling) for the girl (Flickan) Anna Elisabeth Hermansdotter from Skållaregården, who is born on the 5 November 1871, and admitted to the school on 3 March 1879. She has gone through the curriculum (lärokurs) of the school, and received the following grades (vitsord) for understanding (insigt) and skills (färdighet) in the following subjects:

The subjects:

Kristendomskunskap: biblisk historia (Steinmetz) (Christianity: Biblical History (Mr. Steinmetz book¹)

Kristendomskunskap: Katekes (Christianity: Cathechism)

Modersmål (Mother tongue)

Skrifning (Writing)

Räkning (Mathematics)

Geometri (Geometry)

Geografi (Geography)

 $\begin{array}{c} Historia \\ (History) \end{array}$

Naturkunnighet (Knowledge of nature)

Ritning (Drawing)

Sång (Singing)

Gymnastik (Gymnastics)

Vapenöfning (Military training)

Trädgårdsskötsel och Trädplantering (Gardening and tree-planting)

Handaslöjder (Handicrafts)

During her time in school Anna Elisabeth has shown very good conduct (*uppförande*) and very good diligence (*flit*).

[Signed] Kjelfvened of Skaraborg län 3 Febr. 1886.

On behalf of the school board: $A.W. K\"{a}llander$ Teacher of the school $(skolans \, l\"{a}rare)$

So Anna Elisabeth now left school at the age of 15 years and three months, and the same year she was confirmed. Usually after confirmation the young ones were regarded as adults and moved from home to become a *dräng* or *piga* at some other farm.

However, Anna Elisabeth stayed at home until her emigration, possibly because she had a number of younger siblings, and her mother needed her help.

Note:

1) Biblisk historia för småskolan [biblical history for the junior schools], by Alfred Steinmetz, (author), Stockholm: A. L. Normans förlagsexp., 1876.

The Swedish grading system

The following system was used from the 1800s to about 1965.

Berömlig A (Laudable)

Med utmärkt beröm godkänd **a** (passed with excellent credit)

Med beröm godkänd AB (passed with credit)

Icke utan beröm godkänd (passed with some credit)

Godkänd B (Passed)

Ganska försvarlig Be (almost failed)

Underkänd C (failed)



Anna Elisabeth and Carl Alfred in 1899. (Hugh Johnson collection).